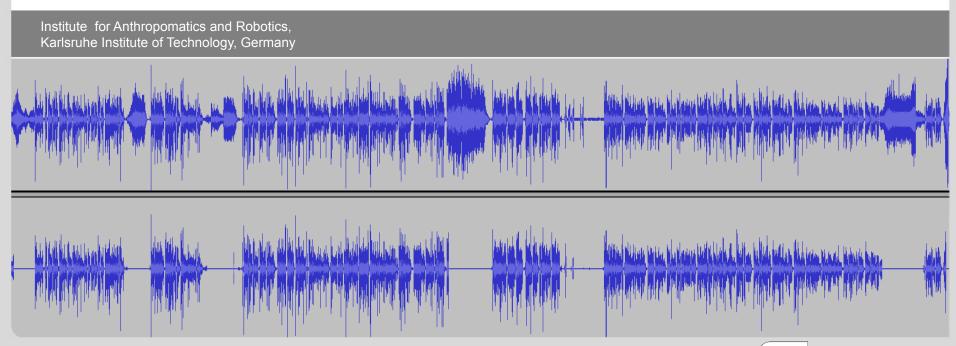


Audio Segmentation For Robust Real-Time Speech Recognition Based on Neural Networks

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Problems in Speech Recognition



- Garbage in, garbage out
 - " Thank you you You Can you you you …"
 - " you see you may and you see that them …"
 - " if if if if if if F f.."
- Causes high latency

Challenges

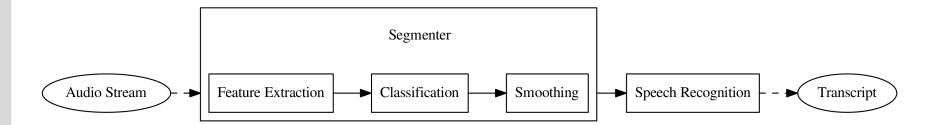


- Real-time
 - Limited temporal information
 - Fast algorithm needed
- Classifying speech correctly
- No clear segment borders
- Humans need ~200ms to classify reliably^[1]

[1] H. Harb et al. Signal Processing and Its Applications Vol 2. 2003

Approach

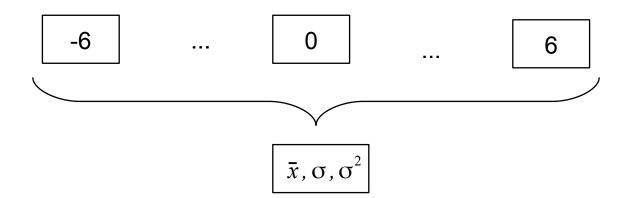




Feature Extraction



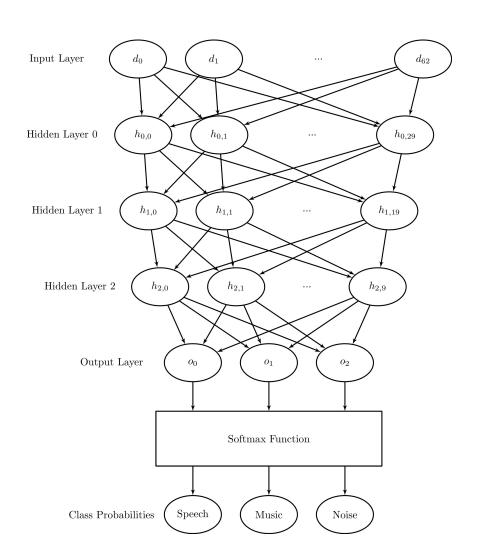
- 10 ms frames
- MFCC and ZCR
- 13 frames stacked
- Dimensionality reduction



Classification

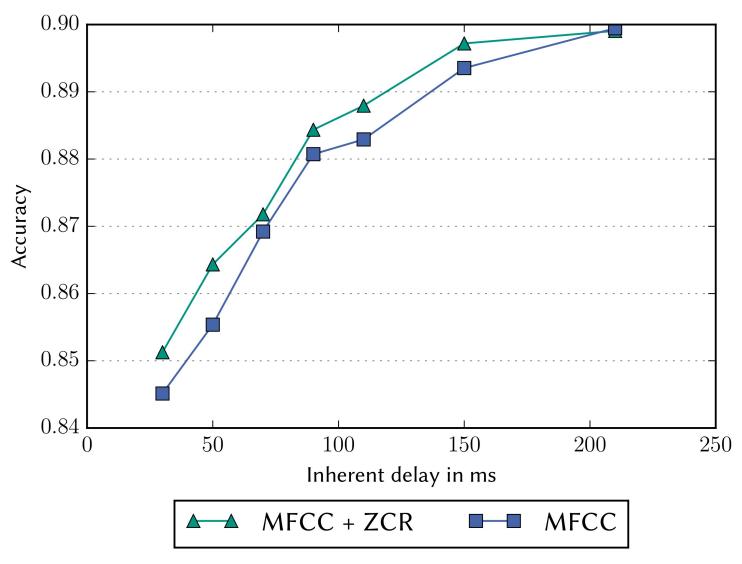


- Multilayer perceptron
- < 1ms computational latency</p>
- ~70 ms inherent latency
- 87 % accuracy
- 2Class: 95 % accuracy



Classification Results





Classification - Problems



- Class fluctuation
- Misclassifications
 - \rightarrow ASR performs worse

Smoothing



- Need more temporal information
- Class off adjacent frames is correlated
- Make use of knowledge about the past

Mode Smoothing



- Mode of adjacent frames
- Remove misclassifications
- Additional temporal information
 - → additional 200 ms latency
- Erosion & dilation tested but not needed

- 20

...

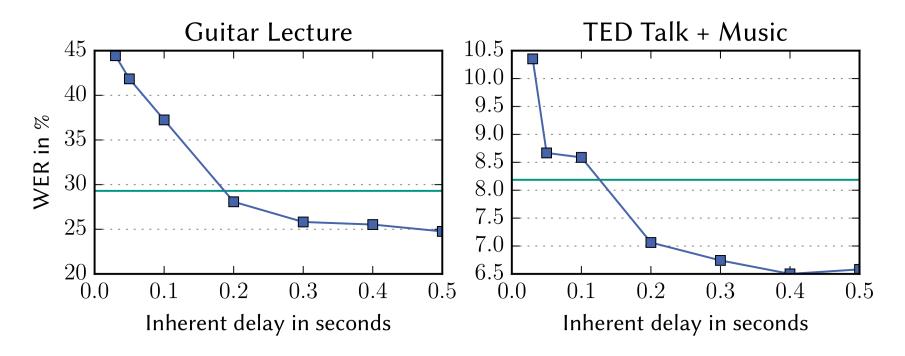
0

. . .

20

Mode - Results





Tradeoff latency ← accuracy

Minimum Change Support Smoothing



- Use knowledge about past
- Create big segments
- Favour speech

current segment class

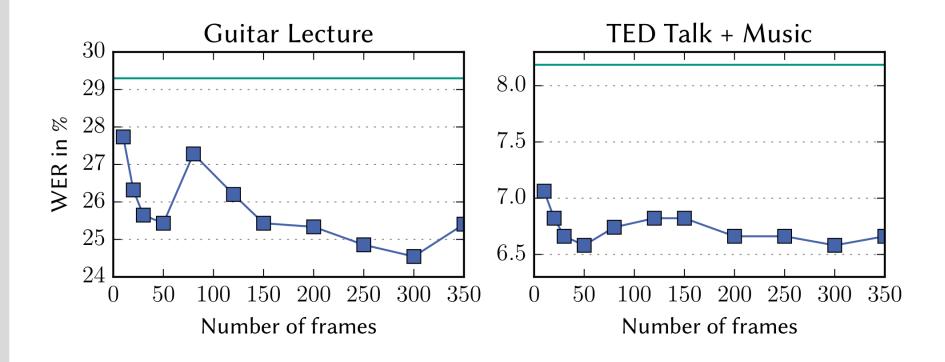
- 1

0

- 300

Minimum Change Support - Results

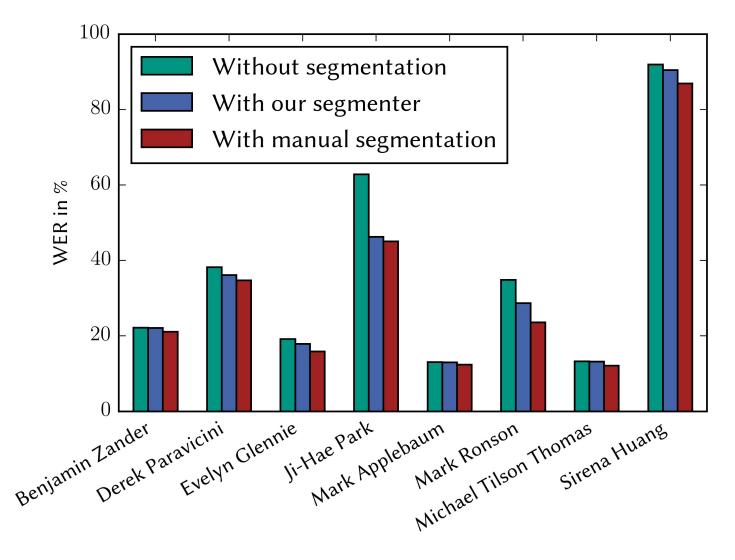




- With mode smoothing
- No additional latency

Segmentation Results





Summary



- Fast computation
- ~270 ms latency
- Removes 39 % of segmentation based errors
- Language independent

The End



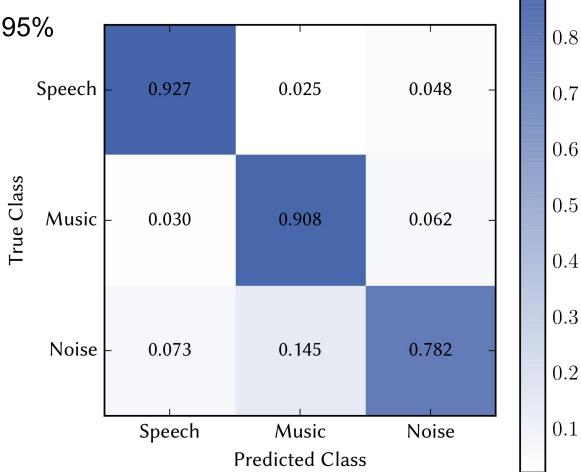
Classification Results



0.9

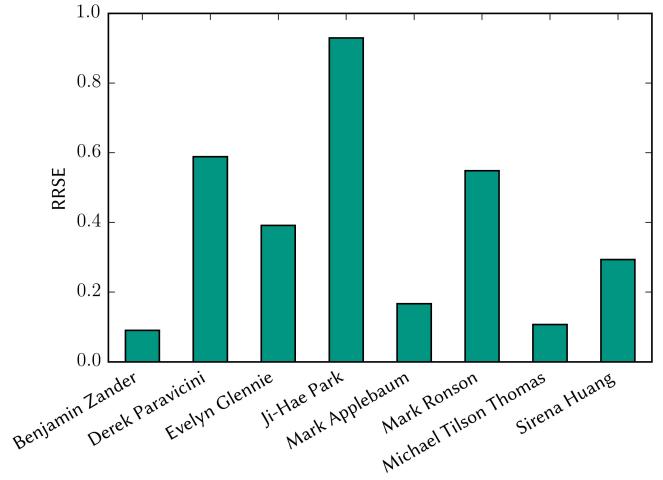


2Class accuracy: 95%



Segmentation Results





Rate of Resolved Segmentation Errors = 1 – (S – M) / (N - M)

Music Example



